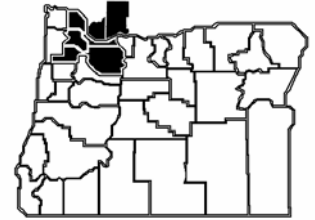




Portland Metro LABOR TRENDS

Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington,
Yamhill, Clark (WA) & Skamania (WA) Counties



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October 2008

Economic Indicators

Unemployment Rates

Portland MSA	Seasonally	
	Adjusted	Raw
Aug 2008	6.0%	6.1%
Jul 2008	5.4%	5.5%
Aug 2007	4.9%	5.0%
Oregon		
Aug 2008	6.5%	6.2%
Jul 2008	5.9%	5.7%
Aug 2007	5.3%	5.0%
United States		
Aug 2008	6.1%	6.1%
Jul 2008	5.7%	6.0%
Aug 2007	4.7%	4.6%

Nonfarm Payroll Employment

(not seasonally adjusted)

	August	
	2008	2007
Total	1,036,100	1,033,900
Construction	66,100	69,600
Manufacturing	125,100	126,700
Trade, Trans., & Utilities	205,500	207,900
Information	24,900	25,000
Financial Activities	69,900	71,900
Professional & Bus. Svc.	138,200	138,000
Educ. & Health Services	127,300	123,000
Leisure & Hospitality	102,200	101,100
Government	138,600	132,100
High Tech *	50,300	51,200

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

United States	Aug '08	2007
Yearly Change	5.4%	2.8%

Next release: September 16, 2008

Portland-Salem	1st Half '08	2007
Yearly Change	3.9%	3.7%

Next release: Mid-February 2009
www.bls.gov/cpi

University of Oregon Index of Economic Indicators

June 2008	101.1	↓
July 2008	100.9	

2007 Population

	2006-2007	% Change
Portland Metro	2,159,720	1.8%
Oregon	3,745,455	1.5%

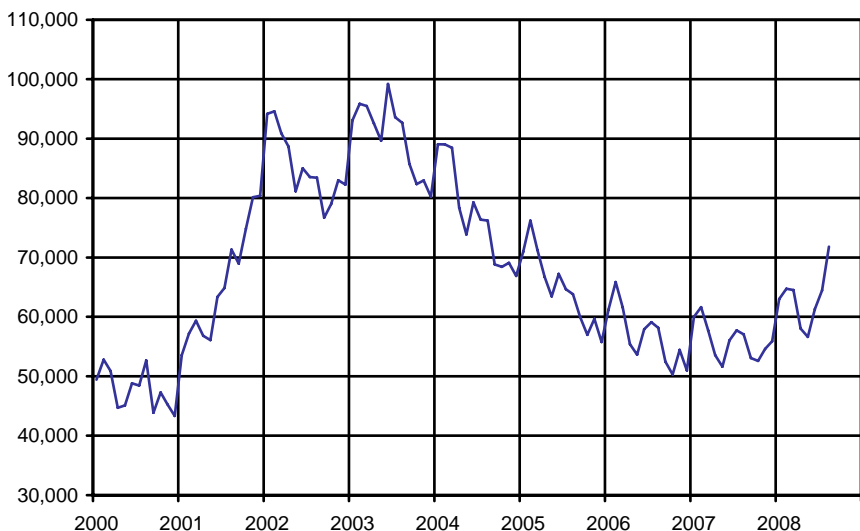
Employment Trends: Local

The Portland metropolitan area's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate rose to 6.0 percent in August, from 5.4 percent in July. The state rate was 6.5 percent and the national rate was 6.1 percent. Approximately 71,800 Portland-area residents were unemployed, up 14,700 from one year ago and the highest August level since 2004.

Seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment declined by 3,200 jobs in August following a gain of 3,900 in July. Year-over-year growth is just 0.2 percent, or 2,300 jobs. In comparison, the nation and Oregon are both down by 0.2 percent.

Construction lost 100 jobs in August, a month that typically sees 1,000 to 2,000 new jobs. Over the past 12 months construction declined by 3,500 jobs, or 5 percent. Residential construction is off 900 jobs (-10.1%) and specialty trades is down 2,600 (-5.5%). Nonresidential and heavy and civil engineering construction are flat over the year.

**Portland Metro Area Civilian Labor Force:
Number of Unemployed**



Manufacturing cut 300 jobs in August, bringing total employment to 125,100; down 1,600 over the year and 3,600 since August 2006. High tech added 100 jobs over the month but is down 1,400 over the year. Primary metals and food processing are the only two published components of manufacturing in the black over the past 12 months.

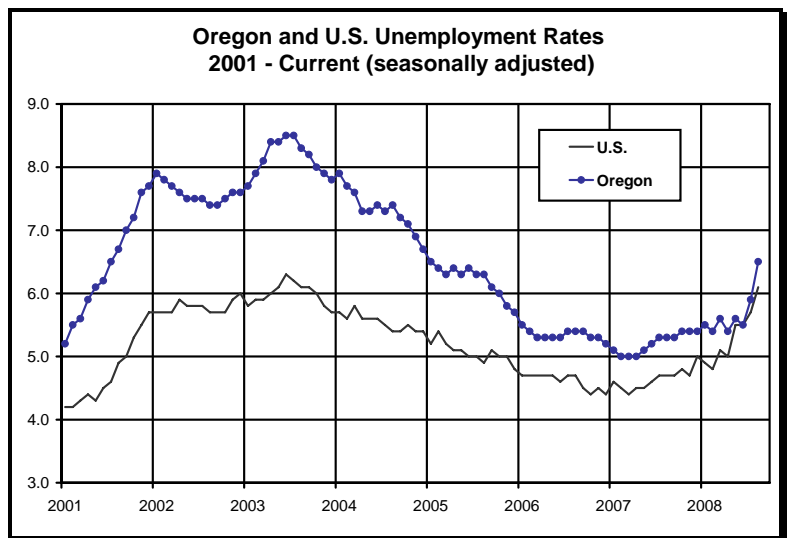
Trade, transportation, and utilities declined by 400 jobs when a gain of 500 to 800 is the norm. Wholesale cut 300; transportation, warehousing, and utilities lost 200; and retail added just 100 jobs. The broad sector is down 2,400 jobs (-1.2%) over the year.

Professional and business services declined by 300 jobs in August, information cut 100, and financial activities was flat. Leisure and hospitality and educational and health services were the only broad industries adding jobs over the month.

Employment Trends: State

Oregon's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate rose from 5.9 percent in July to 6.5 percent in August. This put the state's rate at its highest level since January 2005 when the rate was also 6.5 percent. Since reaching a recent low of 5.0 percent in February through April 2007, Oregon's rate has risen by one and a half percentage points.

In August, 123,116 Oregonians were unemployed, an increase of 25,754 compared with August 2007 when 97,362 were unemployed.



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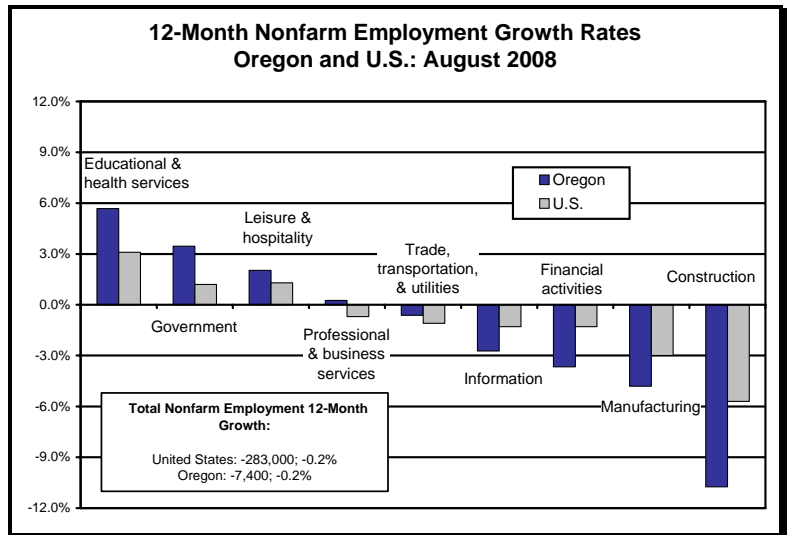
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Total seasonally adjusted payroll employment dropped by 7,400 in August, following a revised gain of 5,200 in July. This economic measure declined 3,400 jobs, or 0.2 percent, since August 2007. In August, four major industries posted substantial seasonally adjusted job losses: construction (-1,000 jobs), trade, transportation, and utilities (-3,600), financial activities (-1,300), and professional and business services (-1,400). Meanwhile, educational and health services added 700 jobs and was the only major industry sector to post a substantial monthly job gain.



Construction added only 700 jobs in August, when a gain of 1,700 is the normal seasonal pattern. Heavy and civil engineering construction was the only component within construction to add a substantial number of jobs in August; it was up 400. In the past 12 months, construction has declined by 11,300 jobs or more than 10 percent.

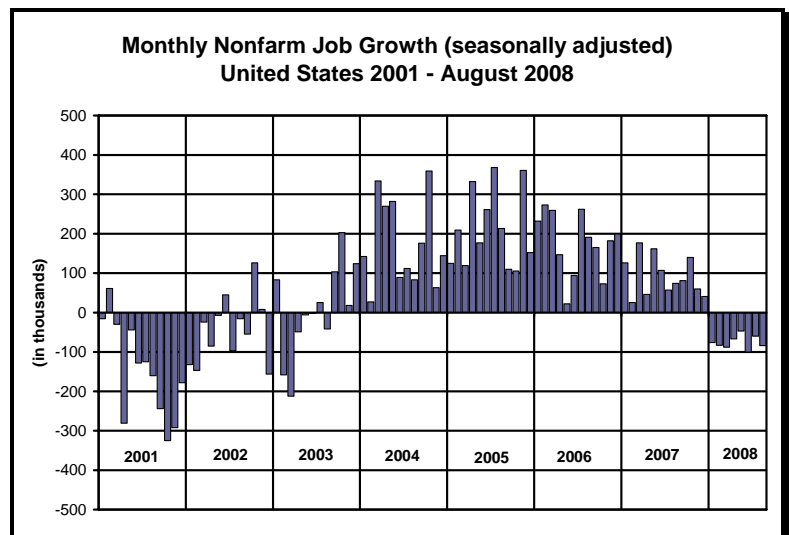
Financial activities continues to reduce payrolls as it has over the past year and a half, with a loss of 1,700 jobs in August. Employment in real estate was down 900 for the month and off by 2,100 jobs over the past 12 months. The continued downturn in housing weighed on the finance sector as credit intermediation and related activities was essentially flat in August and down 1,900 jobs, or 6 percent, in the past 12 months.

Educational and health services continued its trend as the strongest major industry by adding 1,700 jobs in August, besting its normal gain of 1,000 for the month. Each of the four component industries within health care and social assistance recorded August job gains.

Employment Trends: National

The number of unemployed persons rose by 592,000 to 9.4 million in August, and the unemployment rate increased by 0.4 percentage point to 6.1 percent. Over the past 12 months, the number of unemployed persons has increased by 2.2 million and the unemployment rate has risen by 1.4 percentage points, with most of the increase occurring over the past four months.

Total nonfarm payroll employment continued to trend down (-84,000) in



August. Thus far in 2008, payroll employment has declined by 605,000, an average loss of 76,000 per month. Employment continued to decline in manufacturing and employment services, while health care and mining added jobs.

Manufacturing employment fell by 61,000 in August. The largest decline occurred in motor vehicles and parts (-39,000), which has lost 128,000 jobs over the past 12 months. In August, employment also fell in two industries related to home building – wood products (-7,000) and furniture and related products (-7,000). Computer and electronic products manufacturing added 5,000 jobs over the month.

Within professional and business services, employment services lost 53,000 jobs in August; more than two-thirds of the decrease (-37,000) occurred in temporary help services. Since its most recent peak in August 2006, employment services has lost 419,000 jobs.

Employment in both wholesale and retail trade continued to trend down over the month. Within retail trade, motor vehicle and parts dealers shed 14,000 jobs. Since reaching a recent peak in April 2007, employment in motor vehicle and parts dealers has fallen by 60,000.

Health care employment continued to grow in August (27,000), with more than half of the gain in hospitals. Over the past 12 months, health care has added 367,000 jobs.

Employment in mining increased by 12,000 in August, with gains occurring in all of the component industries. Over the past 12 months, job growth has been especially strong in support activities for mining (39,000) and in oil and gas extraction (17,000).

Construction job losses in July and August averaged 14,000, compared with an average monthly loss of 45,000 during the first half of 2008. In August, residential specialty trade contractors lost 14,000 jobs. Since a peak in February 2006, employment in the industry has declined by 388,000.

Multnomah County’s High-Wage Workers More Likely to Commute In

The wage offered at workers’ primary jobs makes a difference in the share of workers commuting across counties to their jobs. Just over half of all Multnomah County workers live in Multnomah County. Another 38 percent commute from either Washington or Clackamas counties in Oregon, or from Clark County in Washington State.

Only one in five Multnomah County workers made \$1,200 or less per month at their

	All Workers	\$1,200 or Less	\$1,201 to \$3,400	Greater Than \$3,400
Multnomah Co., OR	53%	59%	57%	47%
Washington Co., OR	15%	13%	13%	17%
Clackamas Co., OR	13%	10%	11%	15%
Clark Co., WA	10%	7%	10%	12%
Marion Co., OR	2%	2%	2%	2%
Columbia Co., OR	1%	1%	1%	2%
Lane Co., OR	1%	1%	1%	1%
Yamhill Co., OR	1%	1%	1%	1%
Polk Co., OR	1%	1%	0%	1%
All Other Locations	4%	6%	4%	3%
Number of Workers	404,444	80,972	164,871	158,601

Source: Local Employment Dynamics

primary job in 2006. Those making \$1,201 to \$3,400 per month and those making more than \$3,400 per month accounted for equivalent shares of Multnomah County workers, with two-fifths apiece.

Of those Multnomah County workers making \$1,200 or less per month, 59 percent also lived in Multnomah County. Only 47 percent of workers making more than \$3,400 per month also lived in Multnomah County. Many of those with higher earnings commuted from Washington and Clackamas counties – 32 percent, compared with 23 percent of low-wage workers. Those with higher earnings were also more likely to commute from across the Columbia River in Clark County, Washington. About one in eight high-wage workers commuted from Clark County in 2006, compared with just one in fourteen low-wage workers.

Not surprisingly, younger workers tend to make less money than older workers in Multnomah County. About one-quarter of workers in Multnomah County are age 30 or younger. Six out of ten are age 31 to 54, and the other 17 percent are age 55 and over.

	All Workers	\$1,200 or Less	\$1,201 to \$3,400	Greater Than \$3,400
Age 30 or younger	24%	47%	29%	9%
Age 31 to 54	59%	38%	56%	73%
Age 55 or older	17%	16%	15%	19%

Source: Local Employment Dynamics

About half of Multnomah County workers making \$1,200 per month or less at their primary jobs in 2006 were age 30 or younger. In contrast, nearly three-quarters of workers making more than \$3,400 per month at their primary jobs were age 31 to 54. Workers age 30 or younger made up just 9 percent of these high-wage workers.

These figures come from the U.S. Census Bureau’s Local Employment Dynamics OnTheMap tool. The most recent version of the tool comes with the new capacity to analyze the commuting patterns of different demographics of workers, including workers of certain age groups, earnings groups, and industry groups. For more data, visit the online tool on the Census Bureau Web site, at <http://lehdm3.did.census.gov/themap3/>.

Around the Region

A listing of employment-related events making recent news

- **The Odom Corp.**, a Bellevue, Wash.-based beverage distributor, has leased warehouse space at **Gresham's Cascade Distribution Center** for a new wine facility. Odom recently formed a joint venture with Portland-based **Maletis Beverage** to extend beverage services to underserved areas of Central and Eastern Oregon. *Portland Business Journal, 8-18-08*
- **Val's Fitness LLC** will open at **The Highlands at Sylvan** in **southwest Portland**. *Portland Business Journal, 8-4-08*
- **Wednesday Wines** has opened in **McMinnville**. In addition to wine, the store carries a selection of imported Italian food items. *News-Register, 8-16-08*
- **Legacy Health System** has opened a family medicine clinic in **Fisher's Landing** in **Vancouver**. *The Columbian, 8-12-08*
- **Fuji Grill & Sushi** will open at the **Cornell Center** in **Beaverton**. *Portland Business Journal, 8-18-08*
- **OnPoint Community Credit Union** will open a branch in **Wilsonville** on August 23. *Portland Business Journal, 8-18-08*
- **Hewlett-Packard Co.** in **Vancouver** will lay off 17 people by mid-October. *The Columbian, 8-27-08*
- **China Moon**, a restaurant featuring Mandarin cuisines, will open in **Hillsboro**. *Portland Business Journal, 8-25-08*.
- **The Oregonian** newspaper in **Portland** will eliminate about 100 full-time positions as well as some part-time positions. *The Oregonian, 8-25-08*
- **Tully's Coffee** shops will open at the **Hazel Dell Square** shopping complex and the **East Side Spectrum** in **Vancouver**. *The Columbian, 7-31-08*
- **Northwest Biomet Inc.**, a Bellevue, Wash.-based company that provides orthopedic items to the medical industry, will open in **Portland**. *Portland Business Journal, 8-18-08*
- **Two Moon Tea and Trading Co.** has opened in **McMinnville**. *News-Register, 8-16-08*
- **Airport Business Center Café** will open at the **Airport Business Center** in **Portland**. *Portland Business Journal, 8-25-08*
- **Affiliated Computer Services**, an information technology consulting and outsourcing company, will lay off at least 285 employees at its **Milwaukie** facility. *The Oregonian, 9-2-08*
- **Microchip Technology Inc.**, based in Chandler, Ariz., has been hiring since the beginning of the year at its **Gresham** plant, where it employs 350 people. It plans to more than double that number over the next few years. *Portland Business Journal, 9-4-08*

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- **Go Fish Go Sushi** has opened in **Lake Oswego**. *The Lake Oswego Review*, 8-21-08
 - **Farmers Insurance Group** opened its **Hillsboro ServicePoint Operations Center** on August 21. The facility consolidates 368 positions from Tigard with 180 positions from Pleasanton, Calif. Farmers expects to continue adding new jobs at the center. *Portland Business Journal*, 8-25-08
 - **Altitude** is a new restaurant at **The Resort at The Mountain in Welches**. *The Sandy Post*, 8-20-08
 - **Hewlett-Packard Co.** in **Vancouver** will lay off at least 60 workers. More cuts could come by mid-October. *The Columbian*, 9-3-08
 - The **Columbia County Board of Commissioners** has cut about 12 positions as a result of the loss of federal timber revenues. *The Chronicle*, 8-23-08
 - Members of the **International Association of Machinists** union are on strike at **Boeing of Portland in Gresham**, where more than 1,200 machinists are employed. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-8-08
 - **Boise Cascade** has closed its veneer mill in **St. Helens** due to a weak market. It employed 36 people. *South County Spotlight*, 9-11-08
 - A **Sonic Drive-In** will open in **Wilsonville**. *Wilsonville Spokesman*, 9-3-08
 - **J.C. Penney** will open in east **Vancouver** on September 28. It will employ 125 people. *The Columbian*, 8-26-08
 - **Building Material Recycling LLC** has opened in **Sherwood**. It offers used building materials. *Beaverton Valley Times*, 8-26-08
 - Construction has begun on an expansion project at **Legacy Emanuel Hospital in north Portland**. It should be completed in 2011 and will include a new pediatric care tower and a 425-space parking structure. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-10-08
 - **Narrow Path Outreach** – a nonprofit Christian book, music, and gift shop – has opened in **Lafayette**. *News Register*, 9-6-08
 - **Alpha Community Development**, an engineering firm in **Gresham**, has closed. *Wilsonville Spokesman*, 9-3-08
 - **Lattice Semiconductor** in **Hillsboro** will lay off 125 employees as part of a restructuring plan. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-16-08
 - **Closing Time LLC**, a mortgage banker, will open in northeast **Portland**. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-2-08
 - Daytona Beach, Fla.-based **Embry Riddle Worldwide**, one of the world's largest sources of aviation-industry training, will move its West Coast administrative offices to **Vancouver** by October 1. It will employ about six people. *The Columbian*, 9-16-08

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- **Rose's Restaurant and Bakery** will open at **Central Village** in **West Linn**. *West Linn Tidings*, 9-18-08
 - **Columbia River Bank** in **Vancouver** will lay off three people as The Dalles-based bank closes its mortgage banking division. *The Columbian*, 9-7-08
 - Outdoor apparel company **Filson** will open a store in **Portland's Pearl District** in November. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-10-08
 - **Del Inti**, a restaurant featuring Peruvian dishes prepared with Northwest ingredients, has opened in **Portland**. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-22-08
 - About 200 employees at **Oak Harbor Freight Lines** in **Portland** are on strike. *KGW.com*, 9-23-08
 - **Cafe Yumm!**, a bistro offering bento, salads, and soups, will open at **Millikan Pointe** in **Beaverton**. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-15-08
 - **Key Bank** will open at the **Burlingame East Shopping Center** in **Troutdale**. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-15-08
 - **Los Molcajetes**, a Mexican restaurant, has opened in **McMinnville**. *News Register*, 9-20-08
 - **Goodwill Industries of the Columbia Willamette** will open a store in **Battle Ground**. It will employ about 28 people. *The Columbian*, 9-9-08
 - Six workers at **KPAM-AM** in **Portland** have been laid off. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-23-08
 - **See's Candies** will open at the **South Lake Center** in **Lake Oswego**. *Portland Business Journal*, 9-15-08

Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton MSA Labor Force and Industry Employment

	August	July	August	---Change from---	
	2008	2008	2007	July 2008	August 2007
LABOR FORCE STATUS					
Civilian Labor Force	1,172,200	1,167,900	1,149,200	4,300	23,000
Unemployed	71,800	64,500	57,100	7,300	14,700
Unemployment Rate	6.1%	5.5%	5.0%		
Unemployment Rate, seasonally adjusted	6.0%	5.4%	4.9%		
Total Employed	1,100,400	1,103,500	1,092,200	-3,100	8,200
NONFARM PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT					
Total nonfarm	1,036,100	1,039,400	1,033,900	-3,300	2,200
Total nonfarm, seasonally adjusted	1,040,500	1,043,700	1,038,200	-3,200	2,300
Total private	897,500	898,300	901,800	-800	-4,300
Natural resources and mining	1,700	1,700	1,700	0	0
Construction	66,100	66,200	69,600	-100	-3,500
Construction of buildings	15,000	15,000	15,900	0	-900
Residential building construction	8,000	7,900	8,900	100	-900
Nonresidential building construction	7,000	7,100	7,000	-100	0
Heavy and civil engineering construction	6,700	6,500	6,700	200	0
Specialty trade contractors	44,400	44,700	47,000	-300	-2,600
Manufacturing	125,100	125,400	126,700	-300	-1,600
Durable goods	94,500	94,700	96,200	-200	-1,700
Wood product manufacturing	4,800	4,900	5,700	-100	-900
Primary metal manufacturing	7,200	7,200	6,600	0	600
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	13,100	13,100	13,300	0	-200
Machinery manufacturing	8,600	8,600	8,600	0	0
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	35,700	35,600	37,100	100	-1,400
Semiconductor and electronic component mfg.	26,900	26,800	27,500	100	-600
Electronic instrument manufacturing	5,000	5,100	5,500	-100	-500
Transportation equipment manufacturing	8,700	8,800	9,100	-100	-400
Nondurable goods	30,600	30,700	30,500	-100	100
Food manufacturing	9,600	9,600	9,300	0	300
Paper manufacturing	4,500	4,500	4,600	0	-100
Trade, transportation, and utilities	205,500	205,900	207,900	-400	-2,400
Wholesale trade	57,900	58,200	58,900	-300	-1,000
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	27,800	28,000	28,900	-200	-1,100
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	21,500	21,500	21,700	0	-200
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	8,600	8,700	8,300	-100	300
Retail trade	110,300	110,200	111,100	100	-800
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	13,700	13,800	14,600	-100	-900
Food and beverage stores	20,400	20,500	20,200	-100	200
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	11,700	11,900	13,300	-200	-1,600
General merchandise stores	20,200	20,000	20,400	200	-200
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	37,300	37,500	37,900	-200	-600
Air transportation	3,800	3,900	4,000	-100	-200
Truck transportation	11,100	11,100	11,400	0	-300
Couriers and messengers	4,800	4,800	4,700	0	100
Warehousing and storage	4,100	4,200	4,100	-100	0
Information	24,900	25,000	25,000	-100	-100
Publishing industries, except internet	10,300	10,400	10,300	-100	0
Software publishers	6,800	6,800	6,600	0	200
Telecommunications	6,500	6,600	6,800	-100	-300

Nonfarm Payroll Employment (continued)

	---Change from---				
	August 2008	July 2008	August 2007	July 2008	August 2007
Financial activities	69,900	69,900	71,900	0	-2,000
Finance and insurance	44,000	43,900	44,800	100	-800
Credit intermediation and related activities	20,700	20,700	21,700	0	-1,000
Insurance carriers and related activities	19,500	19,500	19,300	0	200
Real estate and rental and leasing	25,900	26,000	27,100	-100	-1,200
Real estate	21,200	21,500	22,100	-300	-900
Professional and business services	138,200	138,500	138,000	-300	200
Professional and technical services	55,000	54,600	53,300	400	1,700
Architectural and engineering services	12,600	12,700	12,500	-100	100
Computer systems design and related services	7,800	7,800	7,500	0	300
Management of companies and enterprises	22,600	22,800	22,200	-200	400
Administrative and waste services	60,600	61,100	62,500	-500	-1,900
Administrative and support services	57,600	58,100	59,900	-500	-2,300
Employment services	24,000	24,400	26,400	-400	-2,400
Business support services	8,100	8,200	8,100	-100	0
Services to buildings and dwellings	15,200	15,400	15,500	-200	-300
Educational and health services	127,300	126,900	123,000	400	4,300
Educational services	17,800	17,800	17,400	0	400
Colleges and universities	7,800	7,800	7,500	0	300
Health care and social assistance	109,500	109,100	105,600	400	3,900
Ambulatory health care services	41,900	41,600	40,300	300	1,600
Hospitals	29,000	29,000	27,900	0	1,100
Nursing and residential care facilities	21,200	21,100	20,800	100	400
Social assistance	17,400	17,400	16,600	0	800
Leisure and hospitality	102,200	101,800	101,100	400	1,100
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	15,100	15,000	15,400	100	-300
Amusement, gambling, and recreation	11,400	11,300	11,900	100	-500
Accommodation and food services	87,100	86,800	85,700	300	1,400
Accommodation	9,400	9,300	9,600	100	-200
Food services and drinking places	77,700	77,500	76,100	200	1,600
Full-service restaurants	37,500	37,600	36,900	-100	600
Limited-service eating places	32,800	32,600	32,100	200	700
Other services	36,600	37,000	36,900	-400	-300
Membership associations and organizations	16,200	16,200	16,100	0	100
Government	138,600	141,100	132,100	-2,500	6,500
Federal government	18,000	18,100	18,000	-100	0
State government	20,500	20,300	20,200	200	300
State education	6,800	6,600	6,300	200	500
Local government	100,100	102,700	93,900	-2,600	6,200
Local education	51,400	54,000	46,900	-2,600	4,500
Labor Disputes	0	0	0	0	0

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Labor Force Status: Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes nonfarm payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics. "Natural resources" includes only Logging (NAICS 1133).

The Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton metropolitan area includes Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill counties in Oregon, and Clark and Skamania counties in Washington State.

Resident Labor Force and Unemployment for Regions Within the Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton MSA

	-Change From-				
	August 2008	July 2008	August 2007	July 2008	August 2007
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton MSA					
Civilian labor force	1,172,200	1,167,900	1,149,200	4,300	23,000
Unemployed	71,800	64,500	57,100	7,300	14,700
Unemployment rate	6.1	5.5	5.0	0.6	1.1
Unemployment rate, seasonally adjust	6.0	5.4	4.9	0.6	1.1
Employed	1,100,400	1,103,500	1,092,200	-3,100	8,200
Oregon portion of the MSA					
Civilian Labor Force	950,500	950,000	932,700	500	17,800
Unemployed	53,300	48,800	43,200	4,500	10,100
Percent of Labor Force	5.6	5.1	4.6	0.5	1.0
Total Employed	897,200	901,200	889,500	-4,000	7,700
Clackamas County					
Civilian Labor Force	203,500	203,500	199,700	0	3,800
Unemployed	11,200	10,300	9,100	900	2,100
Percent of Labor Force	5.5	5.1	4.6	0.4	0.9
Total Employed	192,300	193,100	190,600	-800	1,700
Columbia County					
Civilian Labor Force	24,840	24,830	24,310	10	530
Unemployed	1,660	1,550	1,340	110	320
Percent of Labor Force	6.7	6.3	5.5	0.4	1.2
Total Employed	23,180	23,280	22,970	-100	210
Multnomah County					
Civilian Labor Force	383,600	383,000	376,200	600	7,400
Unemployed	22,500	20,300	18,200	2,200	4,300
Percent of Labor Force	5.9	5.3	4.8	0.6	1.1
Total Employed	361,200	362,800	358,000	-1,600	3,200
Washington County					
Civilian Labor Force	291,000	290,900	285,700	100	5,300
Unemployed	15,100	13,700	12,200	1,400	2,900
Percent of Labor Force	5.2	4.7	4.3	0.5	0.9
Total Employed	275,900	277,100	273,500	-1,200	2,400
Yamhill County					
Civilian Labor Force	47,590	47,830	46,660	-240	930
Unemployed	2,840	2,880	2,300	-40	540
Percent of Labor Force	6.0	6.0	4.9	0.0	1.1
Total Employed	44,750	44,950	44,360	-200	390
Washington portion of the MSA (Clark and Skamania counties)					
Civilian Labor Force	221,600	217,900	216,500	3,700	5,100
Unemployed	18,500	15,700	13,800	2,800	4,700
Percent of Labor Force	8.4	7.2	6.4	1.2	2.0
Total Employed	203,100	202,200	202,700	900	400

Components may not sum exactly to totals due to rounding.

Estimates of labor force and unemployment for MSA components are based in part on the most recent population estimates and Unemployment Insurance claims data.