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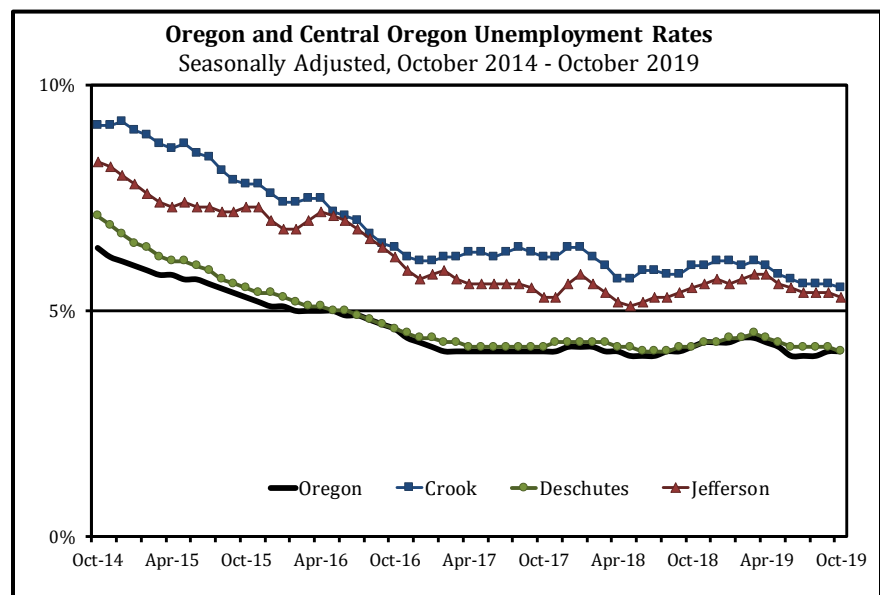
Employment in Central Oregon: October 2019

Recent revisions from payroll records through June revealed that employment growth was significantly stronger than initially estimated. The region continues to add jobs at a strong pace and earlier reports that Central Oregon's job growth had stalled are now no longer valid.

Crook County: The unemployment rate was 5.5 percent in October, essentially unchanged from 5.6 percent in September. The rate was 6.0 percent this time last year, not a statistically significant difference.

Crook County shed 90 jobs in October, typical losses for this time of year.

Recent revisions from payroll tax records revealed that employment growth was stronger than initially estimated through the summer months. Employment levels are up 2.6 percent from this time last year (+160 jobs). Growth is largely concentrated in wholesale trade, transportation, professional and business services, and leisure and hospitality. There were small losses in retail trade and private education and health services.



Deschutes County (Bend-Redmond MSA): The unemployment rate was 4.1 percent in October and 4.2 percent in September. The rate remains largely unchanged for over three years.

Deschutes County added 100 jobs in October. Hiring was up noticeably on a seasonally adjusted basis in October as the county typically posts job losses this time of year.

Recent revisions were significant in Deschutes County. Previous estimates were based on payroll records through March 2019, a month with notably low employment due to the significant snow event.

These recent revisions use payroll records through June, which show that dip in March was short-lived and disappeared after the snow melted. Employment levels are now up around 4.5 percent from this time last year, a gain of around 4,000 jobs. Before these revisions rates of growth were being reported at closer to 1.5 percent.

Industry growth remains widespread with the largest gains in leisure and hospitality, health services, education, and professional and business services. The only notable losses over the past year were in durable goods manufacturing.

Jefferson County: The unemployment rate was stable in October at 5.3 percent. The rate was largely unchanged from this time last year when it was 5.5 percent.

Jefferson County lost 50 jobs in October, a fairly typical pattern this time of year.

Similar to the other counties in the region, the employment estimates were revised upward. Employment levels are up 1.2 percent from this time last year, a gain of 80 jobs. Most industries added jobs over the past year with manufacturing (+50 jobs) and government (+60) posting the largest gains. There was a notable loss of 100 jobs in professional and business services.

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the November county and metropolitan area unemployment rates on Tuesday, December 24th and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for November on Tuesday, December 17th.



Workforce & Economic Research Division

QualityInfo.org

November 19, 2019

Crook County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	October 2019	September 2019	October 2018	September 2019	October 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	9,635	9,789	9,543	-154	92
Unemployed	443	461	513	-18	-70
Unemployment rate	4.6%	4.7%	5.4%	-0.1	-0.8
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.5%	5.6%	6.0%	-0.1	-0.5
Employed	9,192	9,328	9,030	-136	162
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,250	6,340	6,090	-90	160
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	6,130	6,130	5,970	0	160
Total private	4,940	5,000	4,760	-60	180
Mining, logging, and construction	460	460	430	0	30
Mining and logging	80	70	70	10	10
Construction	380	390	360	-10	20
Manufacturing	690	700	680	-10	10
Wood product manufacturing	410	410	400	0	10
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,190	1,180	1,150	10	40
Wholesale trade	400	390	370	10	30
Retail trade	560	560	580	0	-20
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	230	230	200	0	30
Information	240	230	210	10	30
Financial activities	230	220	210	10	20
Professional and business services	410	430	370	-20	40
Education and health services	720	720	740	0	-20
Leisure and hospitality	760	820	720	-60	40
Other services	240	240	250	0	-10
Government	1,310	1,340	1,330	-30	-20
Federal government	300	330	310	-30	-10
State government	150	160	140	-10	10
Local government	860	850	880	10	-20

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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Bend-Redmond MSA (Deschutes County) Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	October 2019	September 2019	October 2018	September 2019	October 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	97,379	98,011	95,831	-632	1,548
Unemployed	3,277	3,563	3,689	-286	-412
Unemployment rate	3.4%	3.6%	3.8%	-0.2	-0.4
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	4.1%	4.2%	4.2%	-0.1	-0.1
Employed	94,102	94,448	92,142	-346	1,960
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	89,900	89,800	85,890	100	4,010
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	89,540	89,070	85,720	470	3,820
Total private	78,990	79,650	75,650	-660	3,340
Mining, logging, and construction	7,600	7,510	7,210	90	390
Manufacturing	5,830	5,790	5,740	40	90
Durable goods	3,390	3,390	3,500	0	-110
Trade, transportation, and utilities	16,500	16,850	16,060	-350	440
Wholesale trade	2,310	2,300	2,080	10	230
Retail trade	11,910	12,300	11,790	-390	120
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	2,280	2,250	2,190	30	90
Information	1,840	1,820	1,880	20	-40
Financial activities	4,990	5,000	4,820	-10	170
Professional and business services	10,880	10,920	10,480	-40	400
Education and health services	14,470	14,340	13,730	130	740
Leisure and hospitality	13,640	14,210	12,610	-570	1,030
Accommodation and food services	11,480	11,810	10,700	-330	780
Other services	3,240	3,210	3,120	30	120
Government	10,910	10,150	10,240	760	670
Federal government	980	1,060	990	-80	-10
State government	930	930	880	0	50
Local government	9,000	8,160	8,370	840	630
Local education	5,600	4,790	5,080	810	520

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Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants.

Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Official Oregon Series. Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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Jefferson County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	October 2019	September 2019	October 2018	September 2019	October 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	10,106	10,291	10,256	-185	-150
Unemployed	418	452	488	-34	-70
Unemployment rate	4.1%	4.4%	4.8%	-0.3	-0.7
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.3%	5.4%	5.5%	-0.1	-0.2
Employed	9,688	9,839	9,768	-151	-80
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,700	6,750	6,620	-50	80
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	6,640	6,630	6,560	10	80
Total private	4,220	4,290	4,200	-70	20
Mining, logging, and construction	150	150	130	0	20
Mining and logging	20	20	20	0	0
Construction	130	130	110	0	20
Manufacturing	1,270	1,280	1,220	-10	50
Wood product manufacturing	870	880	840	-10	30
Trade, transportation, and utilities	890	890	860	0	30
Wholesale trade	200	190	180	10	20
Retail trade	590	600	570	-10	20
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	100	100	110	0	-10
Information	30	30	30	0	0
Financial activities	140	140	130	0	10
Professional and business services	190	200	290	-10	-100
Education and health services	670	660	680	10	-10
Leisure and hospitality	670	730	650	-60	20
Other services	210	210	210	0	0
Government	2,480	2,460	2,420	20	60
Federal government	120	120	120	0	0
State government	310	310	290	0	20
Local government	2,050	2,030	2,010	20	40
Indian tribal	1,010	1,020	980	-10	30

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The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

The pdf version of the news release, including tables and graphs, can be found at www.qualityinfo.org/press-release/. To obtain the data in other formats such as in Excel, visit www.QualityInfo.org, select *Economic Data*, and choose *LAUS* or *CES*. To request the press release as a Word document, contact the person shown at the top of this press release.

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For help finding jobs and training resources, visit one of the state's WorkSource Oregon Centers or go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

Equal Opportunity program — auxiliary aids and services available upon request to individuals with disabilities. Contact: (503) 947-1794. For the deaf and hard of hearing population, call 711 Telecommunications Relay Services.