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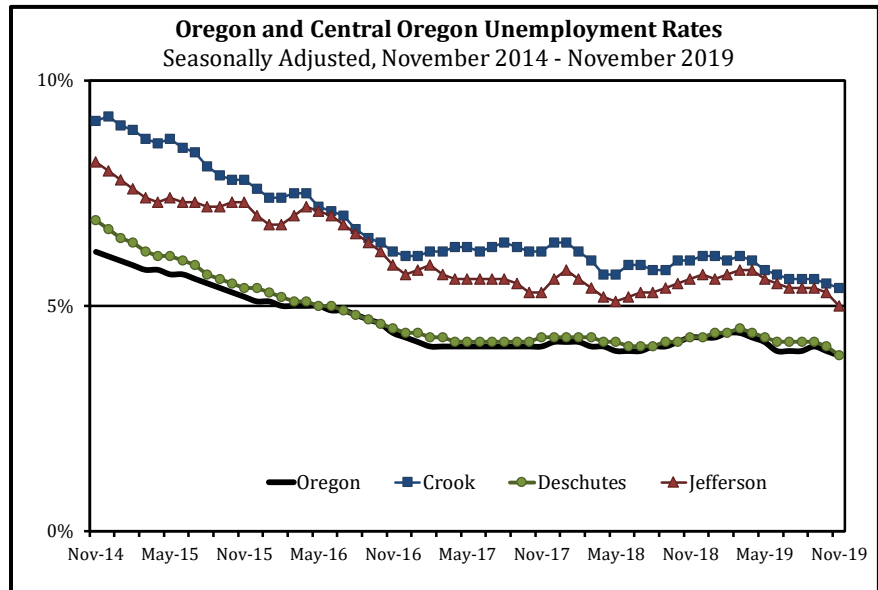
Employment in Central Oregon: November 2019

The big snow event in November did little to dampen the employment situation with employment levels remaining up from this time last year across all three Central Oregon counties.

Crook County: The unemployment rate was little changed at 5.4 percent in November from 5.5 percent in October. The rate was 6.0 percent this time last year, not a statistically significant difference.

Crook County lost 120 jobs in November, fewer losses than typically expected for this time of year.

The county added 90 jobs over the past year, a growth rate of 1.5 percent. Employment growth was largely concentrated in leisure and hospitality (+50 jobs); professional and business services (+40 jobs); and transportation, warehousing, and utilities (+30 jobs). The only notable job losses were in manufacturing, which shed 30 jobs from last November.



Deschutes County (Bend-Redmond MSA): The unemployment rate dropped to 3.9 percent in November, down from 4.1 percent in October. The rate remains largely unchanged from this time last year when it was 4.3 percent.

Deschutes County lost 490 jobs in November. The decline was fairly consistent with seasonal norms.

Job growth remains strong with the county adding 3,320 nonfarm jobs since November 2018 (+3.9%). Leisure and hospitality posted much stronger employment numbers this year compared with last, adding 1,380 jobs. Health care, wholesale trade, and construction also posted strong rates of growth over the past year. The only notable job losses were in durable goods manufacturing and professional and business services, each sector losing around 100 jobs over the past year.

Jefferson County: The unemployment rate dropped to 5.0 percent in November, down from 5.3 percent in October. The rate is down from 5.6 percent this time last year.

Jefferson County lost 80 jobs in November, a fairly typical pattern this time of year.

Employment levels are up 1.4 percent from this time last year, a gain of 90 jobs. The strongest growth sectors included manufacturing (+50 jobs) and government (+70 jobs). The only notable job losses were in professional and businesses services which posted a loss of 80 jobs from this time last year.

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the December county and metropolitan area unemployment rates on Tuesday, January 28th and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for December on Wednesday, January 22nd.



Workforce & Economic Research Division

QualityInfo.org

December 24, 2019

Crook County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	November 2019	October 2019	November 2018	October 2019	November 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	9,497	9,620	9,460	-123	37
Unemployed	433	441	537	-8	-104
Unemployment rate	4.6%	4.6%	5.7%	0.0	-1.1
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.4%	5.5%	6.0%	-0.1	-0.6
Employed	9,064	9,179	8,923	-115	141
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,120	6,240	6,030	-120	90
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	6,170	6,120	6,070	50	100
Total private	4,880	4,920	4,790	-40	90
Mining, logging, and construction	440	460	430	-20	10
Mining and logging	80	80	70	0	10
Construction	360	380	360	-20	0
Manufacturing	680	690	710	-10	-30
Wood product manufacturing	420	410	420	10	0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,190	1,180	1,160	10	30
Wholesale trade	390	390	380	0	10
Retail trade	570	560	580	10	-10
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	230	230	200	0	30
Information	240	240	220	0	20
Financial activities	220	230	210	-10	10
Professional and business services	410	410	370	0	40
Education and health services	720	720	740	0	-20
Leisure and hospitality	750	760	700	-10	50
Other services	230	230	250	0	-20
Government	1,240	1,320	1,240	-80	0
Federal government	240	300	240	-60	0
State government	150	150	130	0	20
Local government	850	870	870	-20	-20

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence.

Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants.

Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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Bend-Redmond MSA (Deschutes County) Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	November 2019	October 2019	November 2018	October 2019	November 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	96,530	97,296	96,098	-766	432
Unemployed	2,982	3,270	4,002	-288	-1,020
Unemployment rate	3.1%	3.4%	4.2%	-0.3	-1.1
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	3.9%	4.1%	4.3%	-0.2	-0.4
Employed	93,548	94,026	92,096	-478	1,452
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	89,210	89,700	85,890	-490	3,320
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	<i>89,420</i>	<i>89,450</i>	<i>85,690</i>	<i>-30</i>	<i>3,730</i>
Total private	78,630	79,190	75,550	-560	3,080
Mining, logging, and construction	7,410	7,600	7,050	-190	360
Manufacturing	5,780	5,820	5,730	-40	50
Durable goods	3,410	3,390	3,520	20	-110
Trade, transportation, and utilities	16,730	16,730	16,330	0	400
Wholesale trade	2,300	2,310	2,090	-10	210
Retail trade	12,100	12,140	12,000	-40	100
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	2,330	2,280	2,240	50	90
Information	1,850	1,840	1,880	10	-30
Financial activities	4,960	4,980	4,770	-20	190
Professional and business services	10,150	10,880	10,250	-730	-100
Education and health services	14,570	14,470	13,840	100	730
Leisure and hospitality	13,930	13,630	12,550	300	1,380
Accommodation and food services	11,150	11,480	10,440	-330	710
Other services	3,250	3,240	3,150	10	100
Government	10,580	10,510	10,340	70	240
Federal government	920	990	910	-70	10
State government	920	930	890	-10	30
Local government	8,740	8,590	8,540	150	200
Local education	5,270	5,150	5,160	120	110

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Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence.

Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants.

Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Official Oregon Series. Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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Jefferson County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	November 2019	October 2019	November 2018	October 2019	November 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	9,969	10,120	10,197	-151	-228
Unemployed	394	417	560	-23	-166
Unemployment rate	4.0%	4.1%	5.5%	-0.1	-1.5
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	<i>5.0%</i>	<i>5.3%</i>	<i>5.6%</i>	<i>-0.3</i>	<i>-0.6</i>
Employed	9,575	9,703	9,637	-128	-62
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,630	6,710	6,540	-80	90
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	<i>6,670</i>	<i>6,650</i>	<i>6,580</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>90</i>
Total private	4,140	4,220	4,120	-80	20
Mining, logging, and construction	140	150	130	-10	10
Mining and logging	20	20	20	0	0
Construction	120	130	110	-10	10
Manufacturing	1,290	1,270	1,240	20	50
Wood product manufacturing	880	870	850	10	30
Trade, transportation, and utilities	880	890	850	-10	30
Wholesale trade	200	200	190	0	10
Retail trade	590	590	560	0	30
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	90	100	100	-10	-10
Information	30	30	30	0	0
Financial activities	130	140	120	-10	10
Professional and business services	180	190	260	-10	-80
Education and health services	660	670	670	-10	-10
Leisure and hospitality	640	670	620	-30	20
Other services	190	210	200	-20	-10
Government	2,490	2,490	2,420	0	70
Federal government	120	120	120	0	0
State government	300	300	300	0	0
Local government	2,070	2,070	2,000	0	70
Indian tribal	1,000	1,010	960	-10	40

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

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The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

The pdf version of the news release, including tables and graphs, can be found at www.qualityinfo.org/press-release/. To obtain the data in other formats such as in Excel, visit www.QualityInfo.org, select *Economic Data*, and choose *LAUS* or *CES*. To request the press release as a Word document, contact the person shown at the top of this press release.

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For help finding jobs and training resources, visit one of the state's WorkSource Oregon Centers or go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

Equal Opportunity program — auxiliary aids and services available upon request to individuals with disabilities. Contact: (503) 947-1794. For the deaf and hard of hearing population, call 711 Telecommunications Relay Services.