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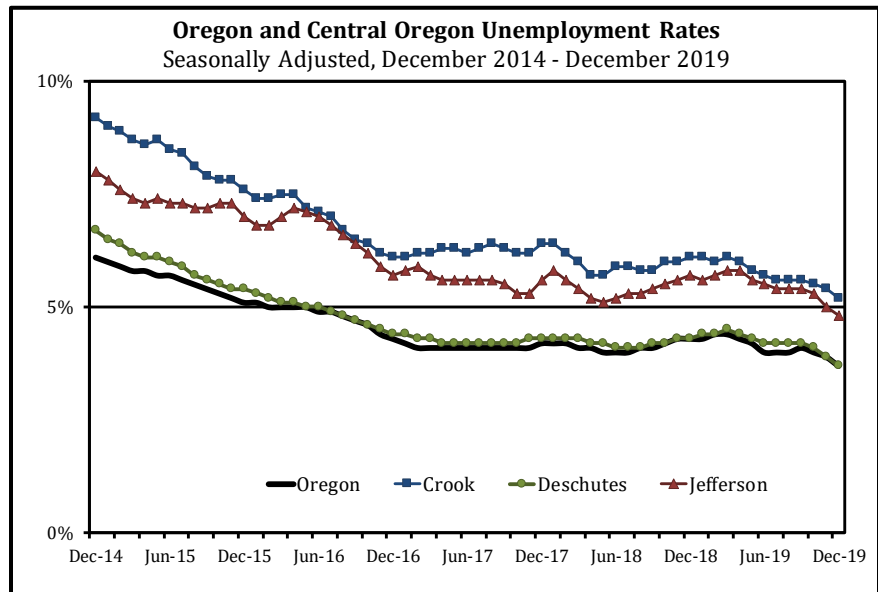
Employment in Central Oregon: December 2019

Central Oregon completed 2019 with continued strong hiring after a sluggish start to the year. These estimates are in the process of being revised using payroll tax records. A more exhaustive look back at the 2019 employment trends will be produced after the revisions become public.

Crook County: The unemployment rate dipped to 5.2 percent in December from 5.4 percent in November. The rate was 6.1 percent this time last year.

Crook County lost 20 jobs in December, fewer losses than typically expected for this time of year.

The county added 120 jobs over the past year, a growth rate of 2.0 percent. Job growth over the past year was concentrated in transportation, information, and leisure and hospitality. Losses were largely limited to manufacturing, which shed 40 jobs from last December.



Deschutes County (Bend-Redmond MSA): The unemployment rate dropped to 3.7 percent in December, down from 3.9 percent in November. The rate remains largely unchanged from this time last year when it was 4.3 percent.

Deschutes County added 260 jobs in December. Typically the county sees minor job losses in December.

The county finished 2019 on a strong note adding 3,410 nonfarm jobs since December 2018 (+4.0%). Job growth was well distributed across most major industry sectors. The largest job gains were in leisure and hospitality, health services, retail trade, and construction. There were no significant job

losses over the past year; however, there were minor losses in professional and business services and durable goods manufacturing.

Jefferson County: The unemployment rate dropped to 4.8 percent in December, down from 5.0 percent in November. The rate is down from 5.7 percent this time last year.

Jefferson County lost 90 jobs in December, a fairly typical pattern this time of year.

Employment levels are up 1.1 percent from this time last year, a gain of 70 jobs. The strongest growth sectors included manufacturing (+40 jobs) and government (+100 jobs). The only notable job losses were in professional and businesses services which posted a loss of 70 jobs from this time last year, and health services (-30 jobs).

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the January county and metropolitan area unemployment rates on Tuesday, March 10th and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for January on Tuesday, March 3rd.



Workforce & Economic Research Division

QualityInfo.org

January 28, 2020

Crook County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	December 2019	November 2019	December 2018	November 2019	December 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	9,468	9,493	9,425	-25	43
Unemployed	460	435	605	25	-145
Unemployment rate	4.9%	4.6%	6.4%	0.3	-1.5
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.2%	5.4%	6.1%	-0.2	-0.9
Employed	9,008	9,058	8,820	-50	188
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,090	6,110	5,970	-20	120
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	6,220	6,150	6,100	70	120
Total private	4,870	4,870	4,760	0	110
Mining, logging, and construction	430	440	410	-10	20
Mining and logging	80	80	70	0	10
Construction	350	360	340	-10	10
Manufacturing	690	680	730	10	-40
Wood product manufacturing	420	420	440	0	-20
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,200	1,190	1,140	10	60
Wholesale trade	400	390	380	10	20
Retail trade	570	570	570	0	0
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	230	230	190	0	40
Information	250	240	220	10	30
Financial activities	220	220	210	0	10
Professional and business services	400	410	370	-10	30
Education and health services	720	720	730	0	-10
Leisure and hospitality	730	740	700	-10	30
Other services	230	230	250	0	-20
Government	1,220	1,240	1,210	-20	10
Federal government	230	240	230	-10	0
State government	140	150	120	-10	20
Local government	850	850	860	0	-10

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence.

Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants.

Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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Bend-Redmond MSA (Deschutes County) Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	December 2019	November 2019	December 2018	November 2019	December 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	96,226	96,192	96,237	34	-11
Unemployed	3,022	2,995	4,493	27	-1,471
Unemployment rate	3.1%	3.1%	4.7%	0.0	-1.6
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	3.7%	3.9%	4.3%	-0.2	-0.6
Employed	93,204	93,197	91,744	7	1,460
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	89,030	88,770	85,620	260	3,410
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	89,570	89,040	86,190	530	3,380
Total private	78,640	78,220	75,440	420	3,200
Mining, logging, and construction	7,160	7,430	6,820	-270	340
Manufacturing	5,780	5,780	5,690	0	90
Durable goods	3,430	3,410	3,520	20	-90
Trade, transportation, and utilities	17,260	16,810	16,390	450	870
Wholesale trade	2,300	2,300	2,080	0	220
Retail trade	12,460	12,140	12,010	320	450
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	2,500	2,370	2,300	130	200
Information	1,840	1,850	1,890	-10	-50
Financial activities	5,000	4,960	4,780	40	220
Professional and business services	10,030	10,170	10,080	-140	-50
Education and health services	14,600	14,570	13,890	30	710
Leisure and hospitality	13,710	13,400	12,810	310	900
Accommodation and food services	11,190	11,160	10,430	30	760
Other services	3,260	3,250	3,090	10	170
Government	10,390	10,550	10,180	-160	210
Federal government	870	920	870	-50	0
State government	910	920	890	-10	20
Local government	8,610	8,710	8,420	-100	190
Local education	5,180	5,240	5,090	-60	90

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Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Official Oregon Series. Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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Jefferson County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

			--Change From--		
	December 2019	November 2019	December 2018	November 2019	December 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	9,843	9,967	10,095	-124	-252
Unemployed	408	397	624	11	-216
Unemployment rate	4.1%	4.0%	6.2%	0.1	-2.1
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	4.8%	5.0%	5.7%	-0.2	-0.9
Employed	9,435	9,570	9,471	-135	-36
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,540	6,630	6,470	-90	70
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	6,660	6,670	6,590	-10	70
Total private	4,070	4,140	4,100	-70	-30
Mining, logging, and construction	140	140	130	0	10
Mining and logging	20	20	20	0	0
Construction	120	120	110	0	10
Manufacturing	1,300	1,290	1,260	10	40
Wood product manufacturing	890	880	880	10	10
Trade, transportation, and utilities	850	880	830	-30	20
Wholesale trade	190	200	180	-10	10
Retail trade	570	590	550	-20	20
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	90	90	100	0	-10
Information	30	30	30	0	0
Financial activities	130	130	130	0	0
Professional and business services	180	180	250	0	-70
Education and health services	650	660	680	-10	-30
Leisure and hospitality	610	640	600	-30	10
Other services	180	190	190	-10	-10
Government	2,470	2,490	2,370	-20	100
Federal government	120	120	120	0	0
State government	290	300	300	-10	-10
Local government	2,060	2,070	1,950	-10	110
Indian tribal	980	1,010	920	-30	60

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The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

The pdf version of the news release, including tables and graphs, can be found at www.qualityinfo.org/press-release/. To obtain the data in other formats such as in Excel, visit www.QualityInfo.org, select *Economic Data*, and choose *LAUS* or *CES*. To request the press release as a Word document, contact the person shown at the top of this press release.

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For help finding jobs and training resources, visit one of the state's WorkSource Oregon Centers or go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

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