

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: August 20, 2019

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Employment in South Coast: July 2019

Seasonal Losses in Local Government Education Reduced Total Payroll Employment

Coos County total payroll employment fell by 400 jobs in July, mostly due to a typical seasonal decline of 500 jobs in local government education. Private-sector employment increases were estimated in professional and business services (+50); retail trade (+40); leisure and hospitality (+30); and construction (+20). Both transportation, warehousing, and utilities as well as private education and health services shed 20 jobs over the month. Government employment had a net loss of 490 jobs in July, with the aforementioned seasonal decline in local government education slightly offset by a gain of 20 Indian tribal local government jobs.

Coos County had an estimated gain of 190 jobs over the year ending in July. Private-sector employment rose by just 20 jobs in the past 12 months. Industries gaining jobs included professional and business services (+90); leisure and hospitality (+70); and food manufacturing (+50). On the other hand, job losses were tallied in private education and health services (-80); wood product manufacturing (-70); mining and logging (-20); and other services (-20). Government employment rose by 170 over the year, with gains in local education (+100); non-education local government (+40); and Indian tribal (+20).

Curry County total nonfarm payroll employment increased over the month by 40 jobs. Leisure and hospitality (+110) had the largest job gain. Smaller gains were estimated in construction, manufacturing, and health care, each up by 10 jobs. A few industries lost jobs in July, including professional and business services (-10) and financial activities (-10). Government employment decreased by 90 jobs over the month, with a loss of 110 in local government education accounting for the drop.

Curry County gained 190 jobs over the year. Industries adding jobs included retail trade (+60); construction (+40); education and health services (+40); and leisure and hospitality (+30). Government employment rose by 20 jobs since July 2018 with a loss of 50 in local government education countered by a gain of 50 in local government excluding educational services and 20 jobs added in federal government.

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the August county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, September 24th, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for August on Tuesday, September 17th.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

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The pdf version of the news release, including tables and graphs, can be found at www.qualityinfo.org/press-release/. To obtain the data in other formats such as in Excel, visit www.QualityInfo.org, select *Economic Data*, and choose *LAUS* or *CES*.

For help finding jobs and training resources, visit one of the state's WorkSource Oregon Centers or go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

Equal Opportunity program — auxiliary aids and services available upon request to individuals with disabilities. Contact: (503) 947-1794. For the deaf and hard of hearing population, call 711 Telecommunications Relay Services.



Workforce & Economic Research Division

QualityInfo.org

August 20, 2019

Coos County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	July 2019	June 2019	July 2018	June 2019	July 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	26,584	26,433	26,542	151	42
Unemployed	1,462	1,357	1,418	105	44
Unemployment rate	5.5%	5.1%	5.3%	0.4	0.2
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	0.0	0.0
Employed	25,122	25,076	25,124	46	-2
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	22,720	23,120	22,530	-400	190
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	22,810	22,750	22,620	60	190
Total private	17,370	17,280	17,350	90	20
Mining, logging, and construction	1,500	1,480	1,500	20	0
Mining and logging	460	460	480	0	-20
Construction	1,040	1,020	1,020	20	20
Manufacturing	1,720	1,720	1,750	0	-30
Wood product manufacturing	840	840	910	0	-70
Food manufacturing	370	360	320	10	50
Trade, transportation, and utilities	4,290	4,270	4,310	20	-20
Wholesale trade	400	400	400	0	0
Retail trade	3,030	2,990	3,040	40	-10
Food and beverage stores	850	840	840	10	10
General merchandise stores	720	710	720	10	0
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	860	880	870	-20	-10
Information	180	180	180	0	0
Financial activities	790	790	780	0	10
Professional and business services	2,190	2,140	2,100	50	90
Education and health services	3,220	3,240	3,300	-20	-80
Leisure and hospitality	2,920	2,890	2,850	30	70
Other services	560	570	580	-10	-20
Government	5,350	5,840	5,180	-490	170
Federal government	310	310	310	0	0
State government	500	500	490	0	10
Local government	4,540	5,030	4,380	-490	160
Indian tribal	820	800	800	20	20
Local education	1,350	1,850	1,250	-500	100
Local government excluding education and tribal	2,370	2,380	2,330	-10	40

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence.

Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants.

Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



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August 20, 2019

Curry County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	July 2019	June 2019	July 2018	June 2019	July 2018
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	9,027	8,945	9,150	82	-123
Unemployed	454	466	493	-12	-39
Unemployment rate	5.0%	5.2%	5.4%	-0.2	-0.4
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	5.5%	5.7%	5.9%	-0.2	-0.4
Employed	8,573	8,479	8,657	94	-84
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	6,830	6,790	6,640	40	190
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	6,660	6,630	6,470	30	190
Total private	5,600	5,470	5,430	130	170
Mining, logging, and construction	590	580	550	10	40
Mining and logging	140	140	140	0	0
Construction	450	440	410	10	40
Manufacturing	690	680	700	10	-10
Wood product manufacturing	460	460	460	0	0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,240	1,230	1,180	10	60
Retail trade	1,040	1,040	980	0	60
Information	50	50	60	0	-10
Financial activities	360	370	340	-10	20
Professional and business services	260	270	270	-10	-10
Education and health services	790	780	750	10	40
Health care	560	550	530	10	30
Leisure and hospitality	1,430	1,320	1,400	110	30
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	70	60	50	10	20
Accommodation and food services	1,360	1,260	1,350	100	10
Other services	190	190	180	0	10
Government	1,230	1,320	1,210	-90	20
Federal government	120	110	100	10	20
State government	130	120	130	10	0
Local government	980	1,090	980	-110	0
Local education	260	370	310	-110	-50
Local government excluding educational services	720	720	670	0	50

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