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Employment in Tillamook County: June 2022

Seasonally adjusted employment rose by 110 in June

Seasonally adjusted nonfarm payroll employment jumped by 110 in June to 9,480 jobs. Seasonally adjusted figures compare expected changes with actual changes. Employment was expected to increase by 160 jobs, and the county added 270 jobs. The private sector added 250 jobs, and total government employment inched up by 20. Leisure and hospitality employment increased by 160 jobs. Manufacturing was up by 40 jobs. Other industries had smaller changes.

June's total nonfarm employment numbers show a gain of 380 jobs compared with one year before, an increase of 4.1%. The county lost 1,520 jobs in April 2020 as the pandemic hit, and it remains 150 jobs below its pre-pandemic employment of June 2019. Some major industries gained jobs over the past year. Leisure and hospitality added 120 jobs. Food manufacturing grew by 70 jobs. Local government education regained 230 jobs over the year. On the other hand, mining and logging cut 80 jobs over the year, and retail trade was down by 60 jobs.

Tillamook County's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 3.8% in June, essentially unchanged from 3.9% in May. It was 5.6% the year before. The statewide unemployment rate was 3.6% in June, and the national rate was 3.6% as well.

Next News Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the July county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, Aug. 23, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for July on Wednesday, Aug. 17.

Tillamook County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	June 2022	May 2022	June 2021	May 2022	June 2021
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	12,619	12,451	12,304	168	315
Unemployed	473	407	726	66	-253
Unemployment rate	3.7%	3.3%	5.9%	0.4	-2.2
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	3.8%	3.9%	5.6%	-0.1	-1.8
Employed	12,146	12,044	11,578	102	568
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	9,660	9,390	9,280	270	380
<i>Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)</i>	<i>9,480</i>	<i>9,370</i>	<i>9,100</i>	<i>110</i>	<i>380</i>
Total private	7,570	7,320	7,460	250	110
Mining, logging, and construction	540	540	640	0	-100
Mining and logging	110	110	190	0	-80
Construction	430	430	450	0	-20
Manufacturing	1,560	1,520	1,460	40	100
Durable goods	360	360	360	0	0
Wood product manufacturing	290	290	290	0	0
Nondurable goods	1,200	1,160	1,100	40	100
Food manufacturing	1,090	1,070	1,020	20	70
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,440	1,430	1,520	10	-80
Retail trade	1,110	1,090	1,170	20	-60
Information	60	60	40	0	20
Financial activities	250	250	260	0	-10
Professional and business services	450	440	410	10	40
Education and health services	1,220	1,210	1,230	10	-10
Leisure and hospitality	1,670	1,510	1,550	160	120
Accommodation and food services	1,610	1,450	1,510	160	100
Accommodation	600	530	570	70	30
Food services and drinking places	1,010	920	940	90	70
Other services	380	360	350	20	30
Government	2,090	2,070	1,820	20	270
Federal government	110	110	140	0	-30
State government	340	320	320	20	20
Local government	1,640	1,640	1,360	0	280
Local education	800	820	570	-20	230
Local government excluding educational services	840	820	790	20	50

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.

Oregon Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates by Area (1)

	June 2022	May 2022	June 2021
United States	3.6	3.6	5.9
State of Oregon	3.6	3.5	5.4
<u>Metropolitan Statistical Areas:</u>			
Albany (Linn County)	4.0	4.1	5.8
Bend-Redmond (Deschutes County)	3.4	3.4	5.5
Corvallis (Benton County)	2.9	2.9	4.0
Eugene (Lane County)	3.9	3.9	6.1
Grants Pass (Josephine County)	4.7	4.7	6.5
Medford (Jackson County)	3.8	3.9	5.7
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro (2)	3.5	3.6	5.3
Salem (Marion and Polk counties)	3.5	3.6	5.2
<u>Counties (1):</u>			
Baker	3.8	3.8	5.3
Benton	2.9	2.9	4.0
Clackamas	3.2	3.3	4.9
Clatsop	3.9	3.9	6.0
Columbia	4.2	4.3	5.8
Coos	4.6	4.6	6.5
Crook	4.7	4.8	6.8
Curry	4.8	4.9	6.9
Deschutes	3.4	3.4	5.5
Douglas	4.4	4.5	6.0
Gilliam	3.2	3.2	5.1
Grant	5.2	5.2	6.8
Harney	3.9	3.9	5.2
Hood River	2.9	2.9	4.6
Jackson	3.8	3.9	5.7
Jefferson	4.6	4.6	6.6
Josephine	4.7	4.7	6.5
Klamath	5.2	5.3	6.8
Lake	4.4	4.5	5.8
Lane	3.9	3.9	6.1
Lincoln	4.7	4.9	7.0
Linn	4.0	4.1	5.8
Malheur	3.3	3.3	4.5
Marion	3.6	3.6	5.1
Morrow	3.3	3.3	4.8
Multnomah	3.6	3.7	5.6
Polk	3.5	3.6	4.9
Sherman	2.9	3.1	4.5
Tillamook	3.8	3.9	5.6
Umatilla	3.9	3.8	5.4
Union	3.9	3.9	5.7
Wallowa	4.4	4.4	5.5
Wasco	3.7	3.8	5.2
Washington	2.9	3.0	4.5
Wheeler	2.8	2.9	3.0
Yamhill	3.2	3.3	4.8

(1) Seasonally adjusted rates for the United States and Oregon are official Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) series. Source of Metro data is BLS and LAUS. Source of county data is OED.

(2) Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro MSA includes Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill counties in Oregon and Clark and Skamania counties in Washington.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

The pdf version of the news release, including tables and graphs, can be found at www.qualityinfo.org/press-release/. To obtain the data in other formats such as in Excel, visit www.QualityInfo.org, select *Economic Data*, and choose *LAUS* or *CES*. To request the press release as a Word document, contact the person shown at the top of this press release.

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For help finding jobs and training resources, visit one of the state's WorkSource Oregon Centers or go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

The Oregon Employment Department (OED) is an equal opportunity agency. Everyone has a right to use OED programs and services. OED provides free help. Some examples are: Sign language and spoken language interpreters, written materials in other languages, braille, large print, audio and other formats. If you need help, please call 971-673-6400. TTY users call 711. You can also ask for help at OED_Communications@employ.oregon.gov.

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