OREGON ECONOMIC UPDATE WSO/UI CONNECTIVITY WORKGROUP JUNE 3, 2025

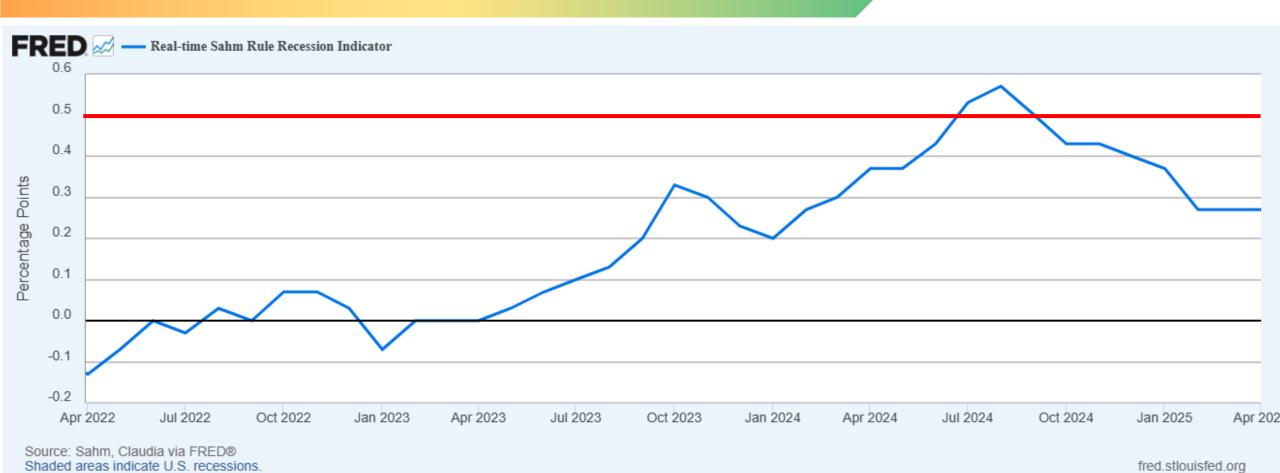


OVERVIEW

- National economic indicators
- Oregon unemployment insurance claims
- Oregon labor market data
 - ▶ Unemployment rate
 - Jobs
 - ▶ Job vacancies
- Bonus graphs! (time permitting)



THE SAHM RULE



YIELD CURVE



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis via FRED® Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

fred.stlouisfed.org

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Real GDP, Percent Change from Preceding Quarter



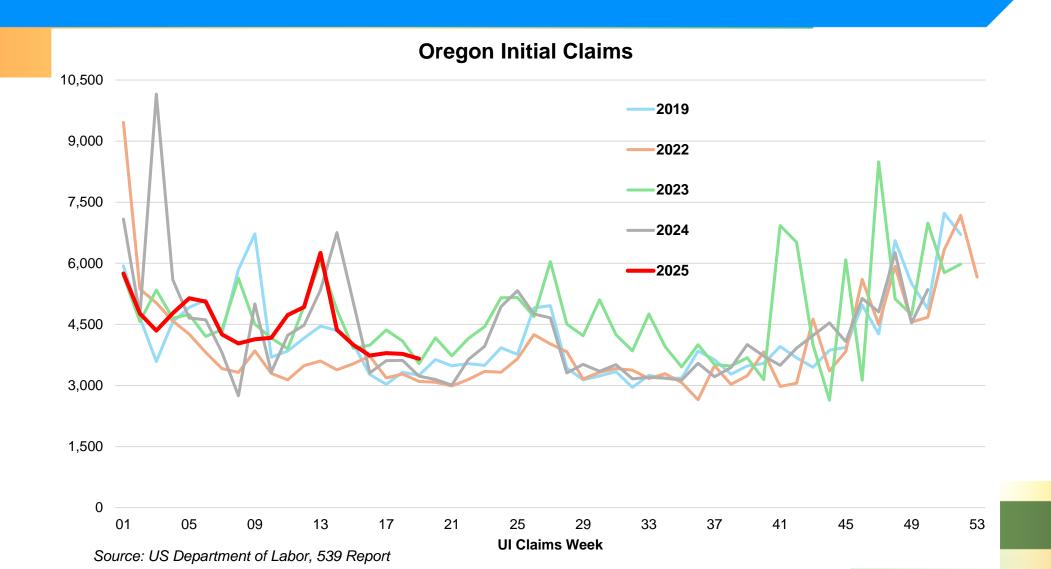
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Seasonally adjusted annual rates

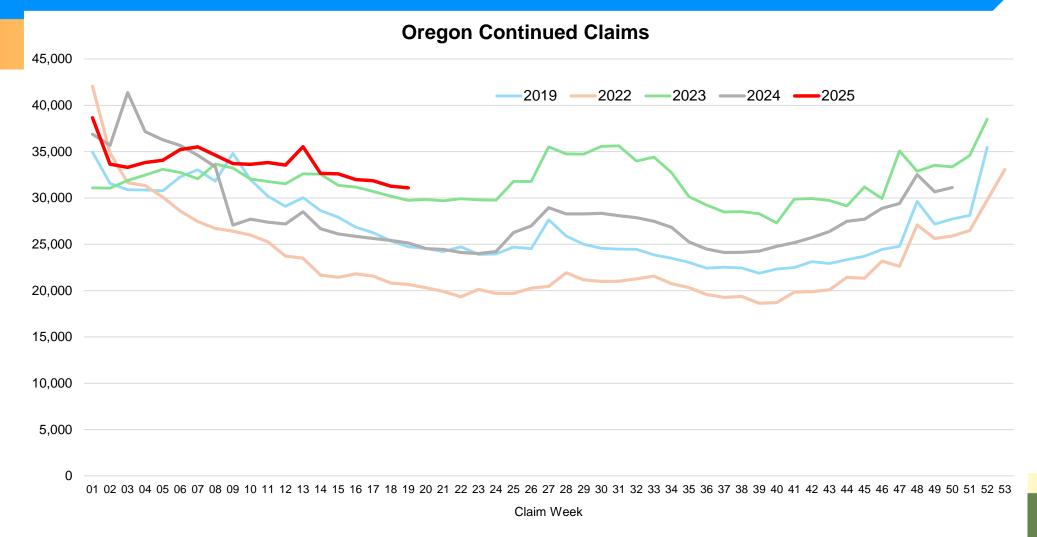
CONSUMER SPENDING



INITIAL CLAIMS FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

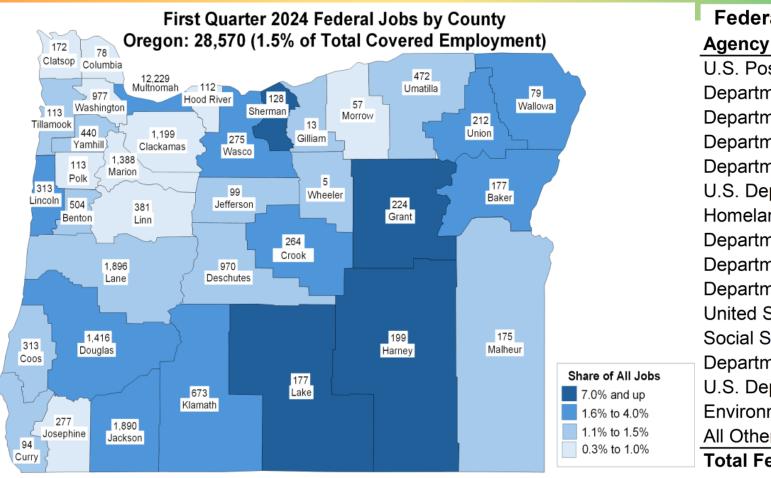


CONTINUED CLAIMS FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE





OREGON FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WORKERS



Federal Government J	lobs in Oregon,	First Quarter	2024
Agency			Jobs

Agency	3003
U.S. Postal Service	6,982
Department of Veterans Affairs	6,378
Department of Agriculture	3,986
Department of Defense	2,706
Department of The Interior	2,394
U.S. Department of Energy	1,347
Homeland Security	1,124
Department of Justice	831
Department of Treasury	554
Department of Commerce	463
United States Federal Courts	369
Social Security Administration	361
Department of Transportation	312
U.S. Department of Health And Human Services	291
Environmental Protection Agency	114
All Other Federal Government Agencies	359
Total Federal Government Jobs	28,570

Source: Oregon Employment Department

DEFINITION OF UNEMPLOYED

To be counted as unemployed (in the regularly used definition), an individual must be age 16 or older, not on active duty in the military, not in an institution, and:

- Not employed
- Available for work
- Making specific efforts to find employment within the last four weeks.

Note: Whether or not an individual has applied for, is receiving, or has ever received unemployment insurance benefits is not a factor in the statistical definition of being unemployed.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

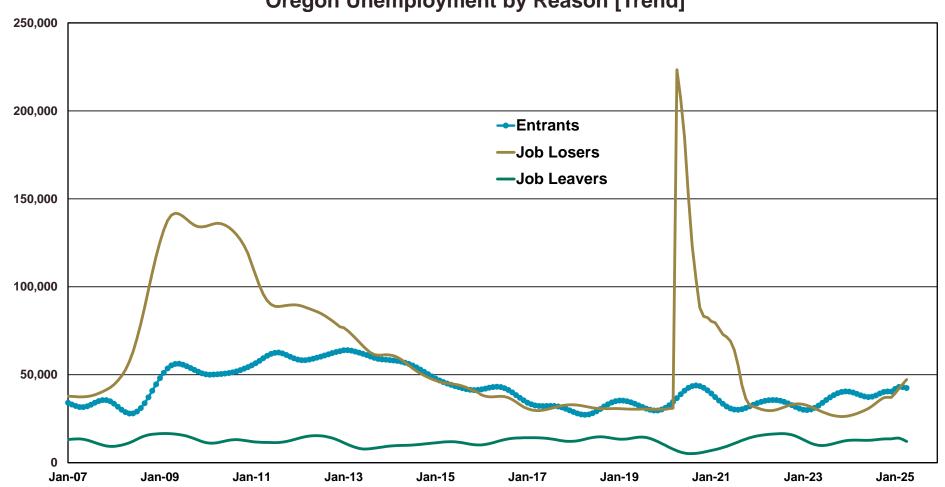






WHY ARE OREGONIANS UNEMPLOYED?

Oregon Unemployment by Reason [Trend]



New or returning to the workforce 42,500 (42%)

Lost job 47,200 (46%)

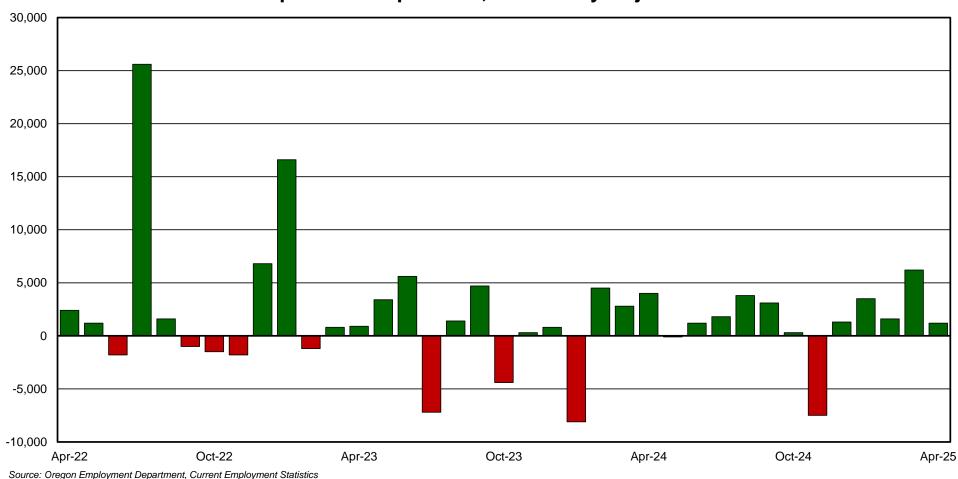
Left job voluntarily 12,100 (12%)

Source: Oregon Employment Department, Current Population Survey



OREGON EMPLOYERS GAINED 1,200 NONFARM PAYROLL JOBS IN APRIL.

Oregon's Monthly Job Change April 2022 - April 2025, Seasonally Adjusted

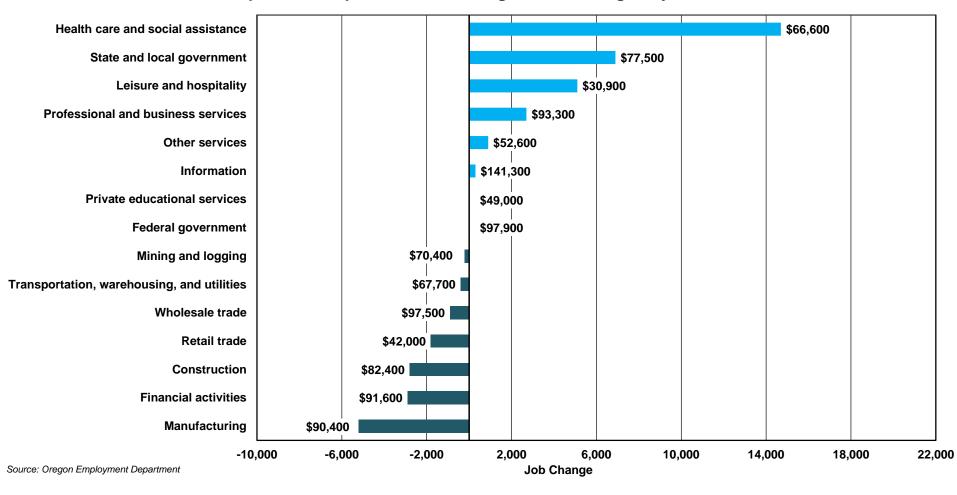


Average monthly nonfarm employment changes:

2019 +2,600 jobs **2020** -12,700 jobs 2021 +8,500 jobs **2022** +4,000 jobs **2023** +1,800 jobs **2024** +600 jobs 2025 (Jan-Apr) +3,100 jobs

OREGON'S JOB GAINS HAVE BEEN CONCENTRATED IN HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE.

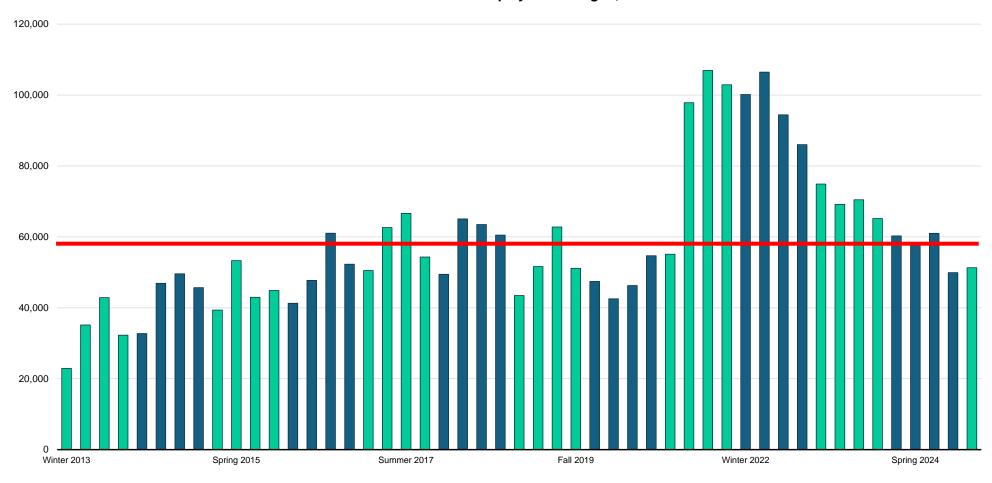
Oregon Job Change and Average Pay by Industry April 2024 - April 2025 Job Change, 2024 Average Pay



2024 All-Industry Average = \$71,300

OREGON JOB VACANCY SURVEY







SUMMARY: CURRENT INDICATORS SHOW MIXED SIGNALS

- Oregon's unemployment rate is low but has drifted upwards over the past two years.
- Job vacancies in Oregon are near typical pre-pandemic levels but have been heavily concentrated in the private health care and social assistance industry.
- While initial claims for unemployment have are low, continued claims remain elevated in 2025.
- Consumer spending continues to increase, while U.S. gross domestic product declined over the year in the first quarter of 2025, reflecting an increase in imports and a decline in federal spending.

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