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Employment in South Coast: August 2023

South Coast Payroll Employment Up by 750 Jobs Over the Year

Coos County total payroll employment rose by 70 jobs in August. Industries with estimated jobs gains over the month were professional and business services (+40), leisure and hospitality (+20), and transportation, warehousing, and utilities (+20). Wood products manufacturing employment fell by 10 jobs in August. Government had a net job loss totaling 20 over the month, with the job decline in the local government portion.

Coos County payroll employment rose by 560 jobs over the past year. Gains were estimated in leisure and hospitality (+250), professional and business services (+170), construction (+80), and other services (+50). Industries with estimated job losses over the year included retail trade (-70), mining and logging (-40), and manufacturing (-40). Government employment climbed by 30 jobs with gains in Indian tribal (+50). Job losses occurred in local government excluding education and tribal (-20), and local government education employment slipped by 20 jobs over the year.

Curry County payroll employment gained 50 jobs in August. Construction, financial activities, and leisure and hospitality each added 10 jobs over the month. Government employment rose by 30 jobs with a gain of 20 in local government education and 10 jobs added in local government excluding educational services.

Over the past year, Curry County payroll employment added 190 jobs. Industries with estimated jobs gains included leisure and hospitality (+100), financial activities (+30), and health care (+20). On the other hand, a few industries showed slight job losses since August 2022 including construction (-20), manufacturing (-20), retail trade (-20), and professional and business services (-10). Government employment increased by 120 jobs, with local government excluding educational services up by 100 jobs, accounting for most of the gain.

Next Press Releases

The Oregon Employment Department plans to release the September county and metropolitan area unemployment rates and employment survey data on Tuesday, Oct. 24th, and the statewide unemployment rate and employment survey data for September on Wednesday, Oct. 18th.

The Oregon Employment Department and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) work cooperatively to develop and publish monthly payroll employment and labor force data for Oregon's metropolitan areas and counties. The estimates of monthly job gains and losses are based on a survey of businesses. The estimates of unemployment are based on a survey of households and other sources.

The Oregon Employment Department payroll employment estimates are revised quarterly using information from unemployment insurance tax records. All department publications use data from this *official Oregon series* unless noted.

The department also makes the BLS-produced nonfarm payroll employment series for metropolitan areas available. These are revised annually by BLS.

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The pdf version of the news release, including tables and graphs, can be found at www.qualityinfo.org/press-release/. To obtain the data in other formats such as in Excel, visit QualityInfo.org, select Tools, and choose LAUS or CES from the dropdown menu. To request the press release as a Word document, contact the person shown at the top of this press release.

To file an Unemployment Insurance claim, visit our online claims system or call our contact centers, where Employment Department staff are ready to help by phone, at 1-877-FILE-4-UI (1-877-345-3484). For help finding jobs and training resources, go to: www.WorkSourceOregon.org.

The Oregon Employment Department (OED) is an equal opportunity agency. Everyone has a right to use OED programs and services. OED provides free help. Some examples are: Sign language and spoken language interpreters, written materials in other languages, braille, large print, audio and other formats. If you need help, please call 971-673-6400. TTY users call 711. You can also ask for help at OED_Communications@employ.oregon.gov.

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Workforce & Economic Research Division

QualityInfo.org

September 19, 2023

Coos County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	August 2023	July 2023	August 2022	July 2023	August 2022
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	26,370	26,297	26,892	73	-522
Unemployed	1,229	1,227	1,618	2	-389
Unemployment rate	4.7%	4.7%	6.0%	0.0	-1.3
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	4.3%	4.4%	5.6%	-0.1	-1.3
Employed	25,141	25,070	25,274	71	-133
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	23,230	23,160	22,670	70	560
Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)	23,180	23,260	22,620	-80	560
Total private	18,000	17,910	17,470	90	530
Mining and logging	350	340	390	10	-40
Mining, logging, and construction	1,480	1,470	1,440	10	40
Construction	1,130	1,130	1,050	0	80
Manufacturing	1,490	1,500	1,530	-10	-40
Wood product manufacturing	730	740	760	-10	-30
Food manufacturing	280	280	300	0	-20
Trade, transportation, and utilities	4,380	4,360	4,430	20	-50
Wholesale trade	440	440	440	0	0
Retail trade	3,050	3,050	3,120	0	-70
Food and beverage retailers	890	890	930	0	-40
General merchandise retailers	740	740	740	0	0
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	890	870	870	20	20
Information	140	140	140	0	0
Financial activities	880	870	850	10	30
Professional and business services	2,470	2,430	2,300	40	170
Private education and health services	3,220	3,220	3,140	0	80
Leisure and hospitality	3,300	3,280	3,050	20	250
Other services	640	640	590	0	50
Government	5,230	5,250	5,200	-20	30
Federal government	320	320	310	0	10
State government	440	440	430	0	10
Local government	4,470	4,490	4,460	-20	10
Indian tribal	860	860	810	0	50
Local education	1,290	1,280	1,310	10	-20
Local government excluding education and tribal	2,320	2,350	2,340	-30	-20

The most recent month is preliminary, the prior month is revised. Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Civilian labor force includes employed and unemployed individuals 16 years and older by place of residence. Employed includes payroll employment, self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agriculture, and labor disputants. Unemployment rate is calculated by dividing unemployed by civilian labor force.

Nonfarm Payroll Employment: Data are by place of work and cover full- and part-time employees who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. The data exclude the self-employed, volunteers, unpaid family workers, and domestics.



Workforce & Economic Research Division

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September 19, 2023

Curry County Current Labor Force and Industry Employment

	--Change From--				
	August 2023	July 2023	August 2022	July 2023	August 2022
Labor Force Status					
Civilian labor force	9,285	9,219	9,499	66	-214
Unemployed	412	400	554	12	-142
Unemployment rate	4.4%	4.3%	5.8%	0.1	-1.4
<i>Unemployment rate (seasonally adjusted)</i>	4.3%	4.4%	5.8%	-0.1	-1.5
Employed	8,873	8,819	8,945	54	-72
Nonfarm Payroll Employment					
Total nonfarm employment	7,140	7,090	6,950	50	190
Total nonfarm employment (seasonally adjusted)	6,920	6,920	6,730	0	190
Total private	5,850	5,830	5,780	20	70
Mining and logging	110	110	110	0	0
Mining, logging, and construction	540	530	560	10	-20
Construction	430	420	450	10	-20
Manufacturing	630	630	650	0	-20
Wood product manufacturing	500	500	520	0	-20
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,390	1,400	1,440	-10	-50
Retail trade	1,110	1,110	1,130	0	-20
Information	50	50	40	0	10
Financial activities	400	390	370	10	30
Professional and business services	300	300	310	0	-10
Private education and health services	820	820	800	0	20
Health care	570	580	550	-10	20
Leisure and hospitality	1,500	1,490	1,400	10	100
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	40	40	40	0	0
Accommodation and food services	1,460	1,450	1,360	10	100
Other services	220	220	210	0	10
Government	1,290	1,260	1,170	30	120
Federal government	110	110	110	0	0
State government	150	150	140	0	10
Local government	1,030	1,000	920	30	110
Local education	280	260	270	20	10
Local government excluding educational services	750	740	650	10	100

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